

Figure S1: Representation of the Benguela food web when species are partitioned into trophic groups (A), and into modules (B). In (A) trophic groups are delimited by coloured discs which sizes are proportional to the number of species in each trophic group, and species are represented by small grey circles. In (B) modules are delimited by grey rectangles, and species are represented by small circles which colour corresponds to their trophic group in (A). The vertical dimension corresponds to species trophic levels (B) and average trophic group level (A).

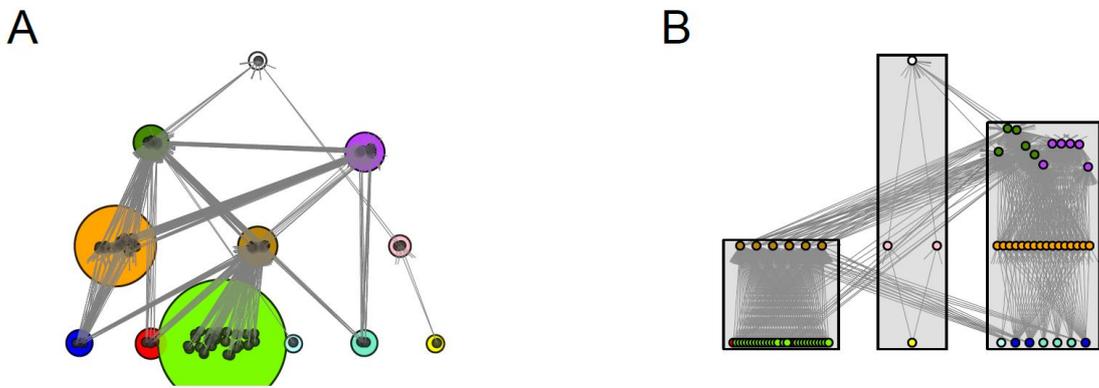


Figure S2: Trophic groups (A) and modules (B) in the Bridge Brook Lake food web. Same legend as figure S1.

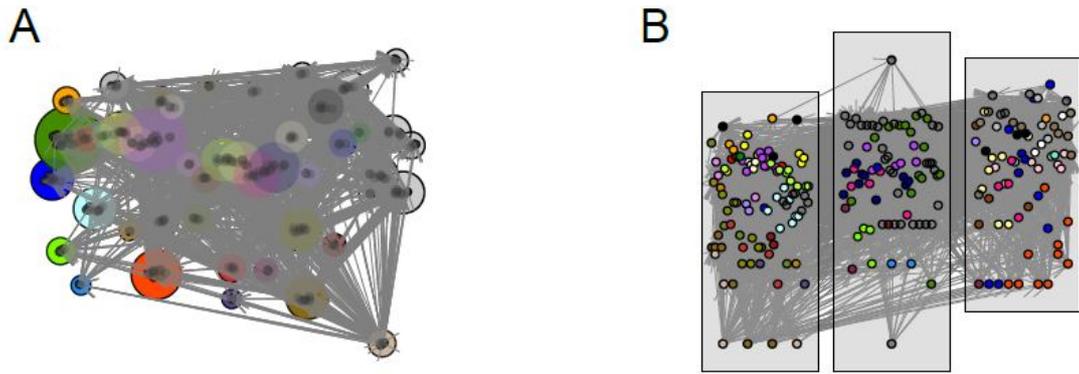


Figure S3: Trophic groups (A) and modules (B) in the Carribbean Reef food web. Same legend as figure S1.

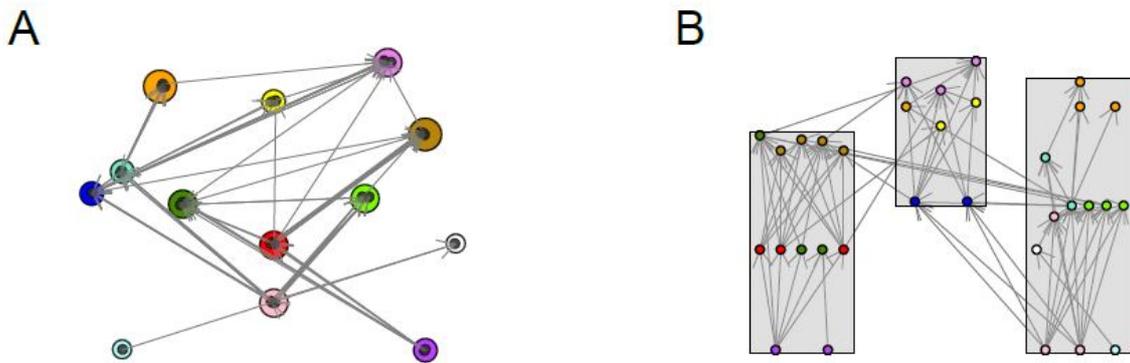


Figure S4: Trophic groups (A) and modules (B) in the Chesapeake Bay food web. Same legend as figure S1.

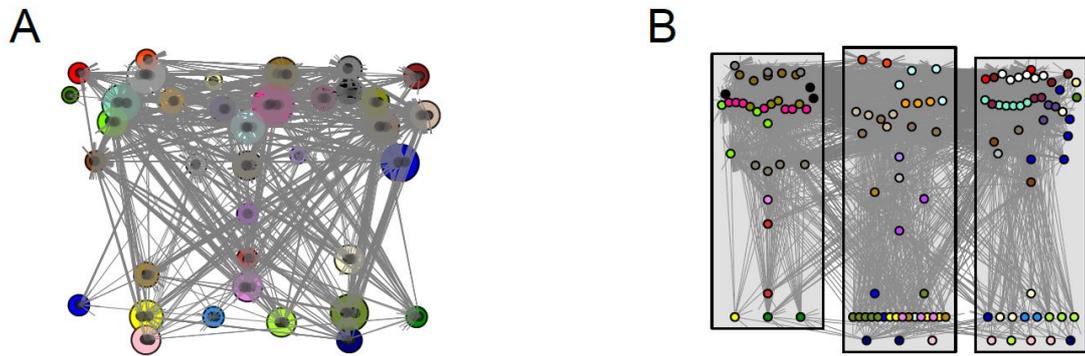


Figure S6: Trophic groups (A) and modules (B) in the Carpinteria food web. Same legend as figure S1.

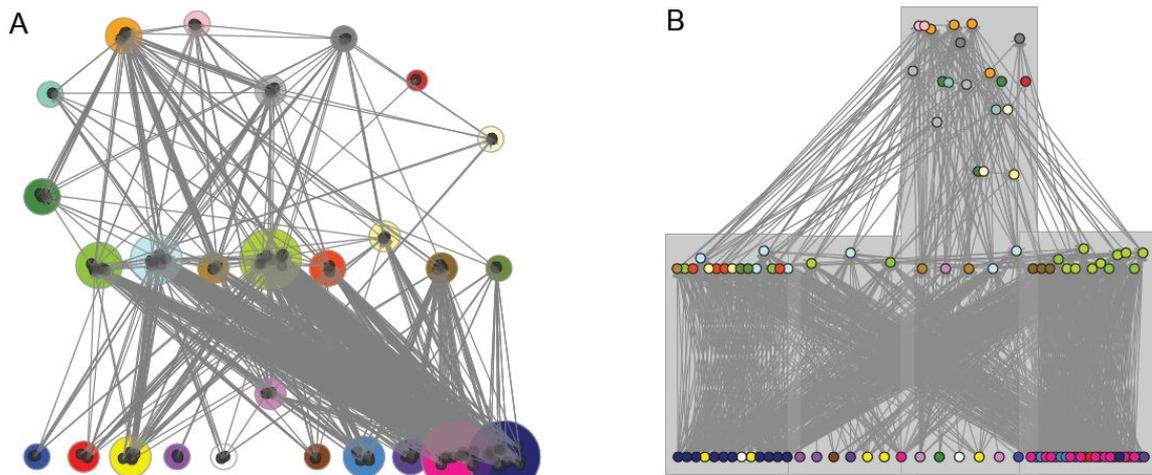


Figure S7: Trophic groups (A) and modules (B) in the DempstersSu food web. Same legend as figure S1.

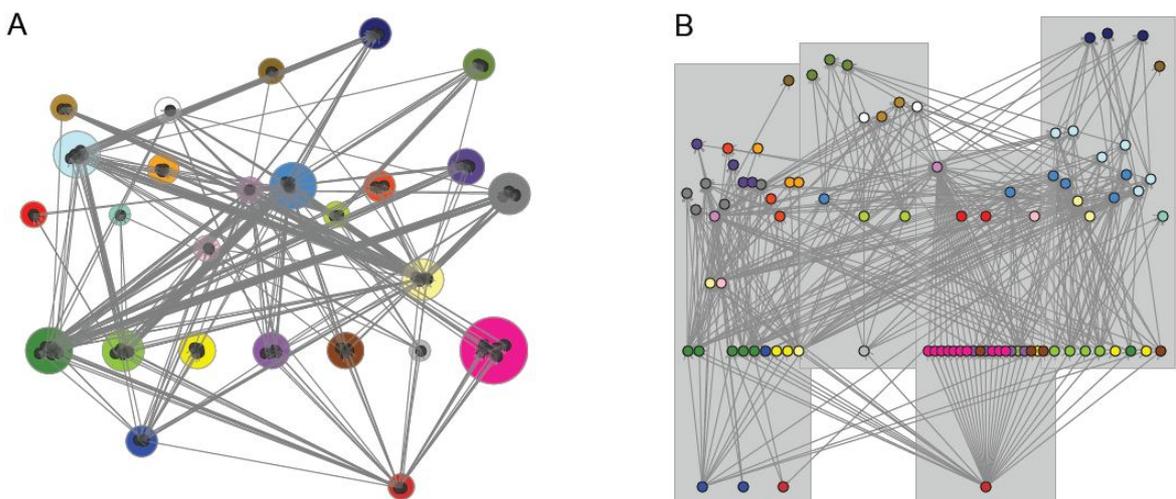


Figure S8: Trophic groups (A) and modules (B) in the Ythan Estuary food web. Same legend as figure S1.